
versions Documentation

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Contents

Quick examples:

- Compare versions:

```
>>> from versions import Version
>>> Version.parse('2.0.0') > Version.parse('1.0.0')
True
```

- Test if constraints are satisfied by a version:

```
>>> from versions import Constraint, Constraints
>>> '2.0' in Constraint.parse('>1')
True
>>> '1.5' in Constraints.parse('>1,<2')
True
```

Contents

1.1 Quickstart

1.1.1 Basic usage

Version comparison examples:

```
>>> from versions import Version
>>> v1 = Version.parse('1')
>>> v2 = Version.parse('2')
>>> v1 == v2
False
>>> v1 != v2
True
>>> v1 > v2
False
>>> v1 < v2
True
>>> v1 >= v2
False
>>> v1 <= v2
True
```

`Version.parse` expects a [Semantic Version 2.0](#) string and returns a corresponding `Version` object:

```
>>> from versions import Version
>>> v = Version.parse('1.2.0-dev+foo.bar')
>>> v.major, v.minor, v.patch, v.prerelease, v.build_metadata
(1, 2, 0, 'dev', set(['foo', 'bar']))
```

If it isn't a semantic version string, the parser tries to normalize it:

```
>>> v = Version.parse('1')
>>> v.major, v.minor, v.patch, v.prerelease, v.build_metadata
(1, 0, 0, None, None)
```

1.1.2 Version constraint matching

versions also implements version constraint parsing and evaluation:

```
>>> from versions import Constraint
>>> Constraint.parse('>1').match('2')
True
>>> Constraint.parse('<2').match(Version.parse('1'))
True
```

For convenience, constraint matching can be tested using the `in` operator:

```
>>> '1.5' in Constraint.parse('<2')
True
>>> Version('2') in Constraint.parse('!=2')
False
```

Constraints can be merged using Constraints:

```
>>> from versions import Constraints
>>> '1.0' in Constraints.parse('>1,<2')
False
>>> '1.5' in Constraints.parse('>1,<2')
True
>>> '2.0' in Constraints.parse('>1,<2')
False
```

1.2 API

Modules:

1.2.1 version

Version objects are comparable with standard operators:

```
>>> from versions import Version
>>> v1 = Version(1)
>>> v2 = Version.parse('2')
>>> v1 == v2
False
>>> v1 != v2
True
>>> v1 > v2
False
>>> v1 < v2
True
>>> v1 >= v2
False
>>> v1 <= v2
True
```


Version

class `versions.version.Version` (*major*, *minor=0*, *patch=0*, *prerelease=None*,
build_metadata=None)

A package version.

Parameters

- **major** (*int*) – Version major number
- **minor** (*int*) – Version minor number
- **patch** (*int*) – Version patch number
- **prerelease** (*str*, *int* or *None*) – Version prerelease
- **build_metadata** (*None* or set of *str*) – Version build metadata

This class constructor is usually not called directly. For version string parsing, see `Version.parse`.

classmethod `parse` (*version_string*)

Parses a *version_string* and returns a `Version` object:

```
>>> Version.parse('1.0.0') > Version.parse('0.1')
```

```
True
```

InvalidVersion

exception `versions.version.InvalidVersion` (*version*)

Raised when failing to parse a version.

version = *None*

The bogus version.

1.2.2 constraint

Examples:

```
>>> from versions import Constraint
>>> Constraint.parse('>1').match('2')
True
>>> Constraint.parse('<2').match(Version.parse('1'))
True
>>> '1.5' in Constraint.parse('== 1.0')
False
>>> '1.5' in Constraint.parse('> 1.0')
True
```

Constraint

class `versions.constraint.Constraint` (*operator*, *version*)

A constraint on a package version.

Parameters

- **operator** (*Operator*) – The constraint operator.
- **version** (*Version*) – The constraint version.

match (*version*)

Match *version* with the constraint.

Parameters **version** (version string or `Version`) – Version to match against the constraint.

Return type True if *version* satisfies the constraint, False if it doesn't.

classmethod **parse** (*constraint_string*)

Parses a constraint string and returns a `Constraint` object.

Raises `InvalidConstraint` when parsing fails.

InvalidConstraint

exception `versions.constraint.InvalidConstraint` (*constraint*)

Raised when failing to parse a constraint.

constraint = None

The bogus constraint.

1.2.3 constraints

Constraint objects can be merged using Constraints:

```
>>> from versions import Constraints, Constraint
>>> '1.0' in Constraints.parse('>1,<2')
False
>>> '1.5' in Constraints.parse('>1,<2')
True
>>> '2.0' in Constraints.parse('>1,<2')
False
>>> Constraints.parse('>1') + '<2' + '!=1.5'
Constraints.parse('>1.0.0,<2.0.0,!=1.5.0')
```

Constraints

class `versions.constraints.Constraints` (*constraints=None*)

A collection of `Constraint` objects.

match (*version*)

Match *version* with this collection of constraints.

Parameters **version** (version string or `Version`) – Version to match against this collection of constraints.

Return type True if *version* satisfies this collection of constraint, False if it doesn't.

classmethod **parse** (*constraints_string*)

Parses a *constraints_string* and returns a `Constraints` object.

ExclusiveConstraints

exception `versions.constraints.ExclusiveConstraints` (*constraint, constraints*)

Raised when cannot merge a new constraint with pre-existing constraints.

constraint = None

The conflicting constraint.

constraints = None

The constraints with which it conflicts.

1.2.4 operators

Operator

class `versions.operators.Operator` (*func*, *string*)

A package version constraint operator.

Parameters

- **func** (*callable*) – The operator callable.
- **string** (*str*) – The operator string representation.

classmethod `parse` (*string*)

Parses *string* and returns an `Operator` object.

Raises `InvalidOperator` If *string* is not a valid operator.

Valid operators are `==`, `!=`, `<`, `>`, `<=`, and `>=`.

InvalidOperator

exception `versions.operators.InvalidOperator` (*operator*)

Raised when failing to parse an operator.

operator = None

The bogus operator.

1.2.5 errors

Error

exception `versions.errors.Error`

An error occurred in `versions`.

Indices and tables

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